

Foreclosures – What you need to know

Creating a better MLS experience for all subscribers!

Having a home in Foreclosure is a sensitive issue. This course will educate you on the foreclosure process and what you as an agent need to know and understand while working with buyers or sellers when dealing with and searching for foreclosure property.

Course Overview

- Overview of what is a foreclosure
- Agent Resources
- Foreclosure terminology & Process
- Short Sales and REOs
- Customer resources
- Advantages/Disadvantages
- How to search for foreclosure properties

Why this class?

- Understanding of the foreclosure process on a home to better assist your buyers and sellers.
- Understanding resources available in foreclosure situations
- General understanding and empathy when dealing with foreclosure properties.

Agent Resources:

- Your board/association offices usually have affiliation directories to help you locate experts in legal and financial areas.
- Florida Realtors Legal Hotline (407) 438-1409 is available Monday-Friday 9am to 4:45pm
- Individual County Property Tax sites can usually offer additional information relating to permits, auctions and bidding requirements.

Foreclosures

What is a foreclosure?

- The process in which a lienholder/bank attempts to gain property to satisfy a debt.
- For banks, usually 180 days or more
- Average foreclosure process can take 8 14 months depending on court and other factors

What is a Lien?

- A lien is a legal claim or right on a property to secure a debt. Any lien holder can request foreclosure if you do not pay the debt.
- There are various types of liens:
 - Mortgage
 - Code Enforcement
 - o Tax
 - Mechanical
 - o HOA
 - Other



Foreclosure terms:

- **Pre-Foreclosure/Lis Pendens** The time from when the suit is filed to when the final determination is made (pre-foreclosure)
- Pending Foreclosure The time after the court order is granted but the sale has not yet taken place
- Foreclosure sale/Auction The actual sale of the home (this cannot take place earlier than 20-35 days after the judgment by the court)

Short Sale and Real Estate Owned (REO):

- **Short Sale** When a lender allows a property to be sold for less than what is owed (usually due to the value of the property being less than owed)
- **REO** When the lender is the highest bidder at the property sale/auction and takes ownership of the property (bank owned)

Foreclosure Process:

- The debt becomes delinquent
- Notice of default is sent to the debtor.
- The lien/mortgage holder must file a suit with the court requesting foreclosure on such property and the reason for the request (*pre-foreclosure*)
- Borrower has 20 days to respond to the filed suit.
- The judicial system must approve the request before the home can be foreclosed upon (judicial foreclosure)
- Once the judicial system decides a judgment, a court summary judgment order is entered, and the bank can schedule the sale of the property (no earlier than 20-35 days) from the judgment (*foreclosure sale*)

After the Sale:

- **10-day redemption period** the homeowner usually has 10 days or until, the deed is recorded after the sale to redeem the property and pay the debt in full
- Deficit & Surplus A deficit is a difference between the debts and the sale price of the property (if less). A surplus is when there are excess proceeds after the debts are paid from the sale (if more). If there is a surplus, the owner is entitled to such funds less any expenses.
- **Possible Eviction** If the previous owner is still residing in the home, you may need to take measures to remove them.

Customer Resources (by foreclosure stage):

Pre-Foreclosure

- Loss Mitigation Where the borrower and lender work together to avoid foreclosure
- Loan Re-Instatement The owner can bring the default balance current on the loan
- Property Sale selling the property before the foreclosure sale
- Service Member Civil Relief Act provides legal protections to military service members who are in danger of foreclosure*

Auction:

Property Redemption – Paying off the entire mortgage prior to the foreclosure sale of the property



Bank Owned:

• Purchase the home back from the bank

The customer will need to speak with their lender, financial expert or an attorney for any other financial/legal options that may be available

Disclaimer: These are not the choices/opinions/recommendations of Stellar MLS or its staff. These are public resources available for all customers and all customer options should be discussed with an attorney or other financial licensed professional without the influence of a real estate professional.

Working with Buyers:

- Cash or pre-approvals are required to place an offer (funding needed for most auctions day of)
- Usually very little room for negotiations
- AS-IS
- Consider the future value
- Additional paperwork is often required by the bank
- Time-consuming
- Recommend using a real state attorney or other licensed real estates professional for best results
- Eviction may be necessary

Working with Sellers:

- The agent must work with the bank/bank contact for approval of listing agreements/offers
- Processing time can be lengthy
- Broker approval and disclosures
- Always research your subject property listing to see if in foreclosure or ask if the mortgage is current.
- A listing in foreclosure or pre-foreclosure status has additional requirements that may be required before listing the property – discuss with your broker

Advantages

- 1. Sellers are more motivated to sell (usually in pre-foreclosure status)
- 2. Many times, have clear titles and vacant
- 3. May get a better price
- 4. Financing is usually available for Foreclosure, Short Sale and REO properties

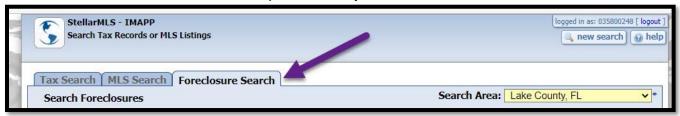
Disadvantages

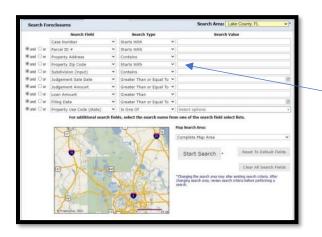
- 1. More paperwork can be required by the bank
- 2. More time waiting for bank approvals, etc.
- 3. Homes are usually AS-IS with no repairs made by the bank
- 4. No Disclosures available
- 5. Unknown property issues
- 6. May need to evict resident



Searching foreclosure properties in IMapp:

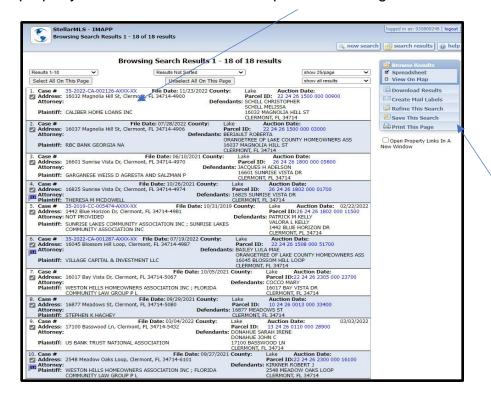
To search for properties using Imapp, open the Imapp from your products and services page. You will select the foreclosure tab at the top and enter your search fields.





Use the drop down next to the criteria category to select how you will enter the information. For example: to look at a specific zip code, drop down the box to say equal to in the zip code field and enter the zip code you want to search. Once you have entered your search criteria, hit Start Search.

Once you have your search results, click on the parcel number to get more details about a specific property or choose from the menu options on the right.



From the results list, you can select the properties by checking the box next to the address and select the menu option of the task you wish to complete. If you want to print mailing labels, select this option from the menu

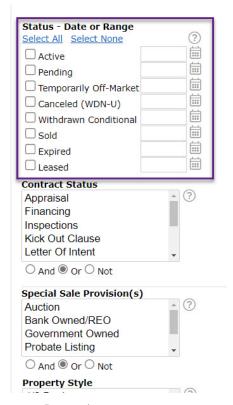


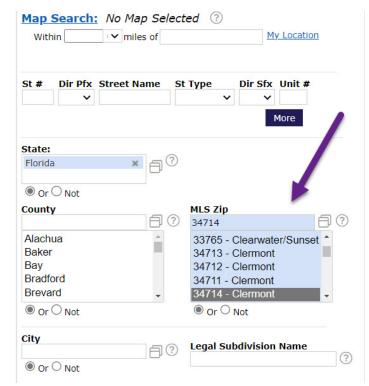


Once you select the property the information populates, and you have more menu choices on the right side

Searching in Matrix:

To search for REO and Short Sale properties using Matrix, open a residential search. Start by adding the statuses of Active, TOM and Pending, and then select your location criteria (County, City, Zip, etc.)







After you have selected the basic criteria, you can search for bank-owned and auction properties by selecting from the Special Sale Provision(s) field.

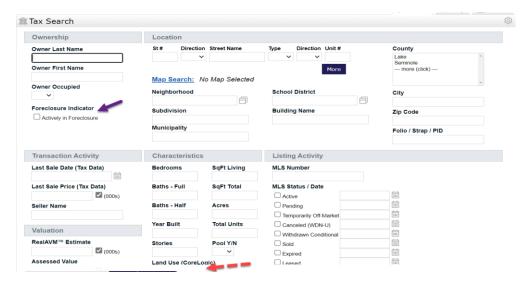


To search for pre-foreclosure and in-foreclosure properties actively listed for sale, remove the special sale provisions and add the additional field "Confidential Realtor Information".



You can then select In-Foreclosure and Pre-Foreclosure if you want both and be sure to select the "or" radio button.

You can also do a general public records search to find properties in foreclosure and not yet listed. Using the public record search option, select "in foreclosure" (see below) and enter any other criteria. Be sure to use the Land Use (Core Logic) field and select **SFR** for Single Family Residence. Click results.





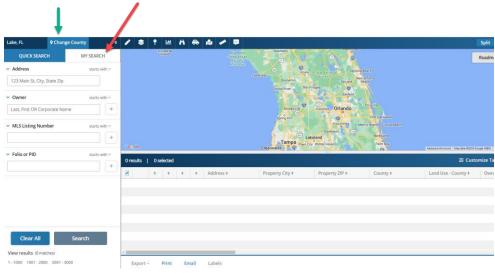
The results will have color coded tags based on foreclosure status. You will also want to look at the tear drop status. If Green, they are actively listed in the MLS. *Color codes may vary between platforms

Yellow – Pre-foreclosure Orange – Auction Green – REO

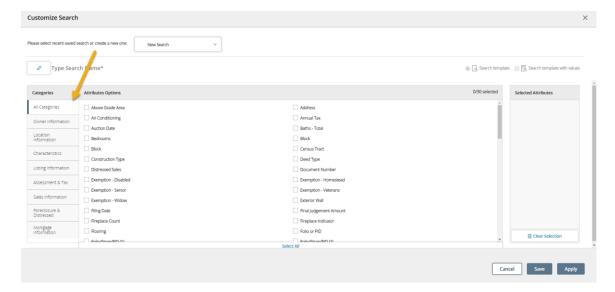
Select the properties you want and choose the print option, select label for owner @ tax address

Searching in Realist:

You will begin your search in Realist using the My Search tab. Select the county/counties you wish to search.

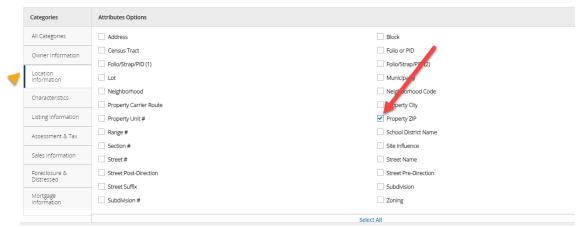


Under my search, select create new search. We will select various filters from the categories on the left hand side menu (as shown below)

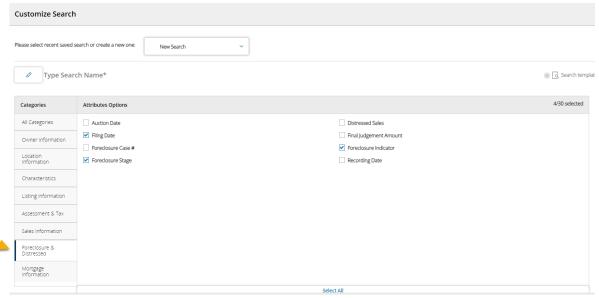




Start with location information and choose either city or zip code you wish to search and select the box.



Next under the foreclosure and distressed tab, select Filing Date, Foreclosure Stage and Foreclosure indicator



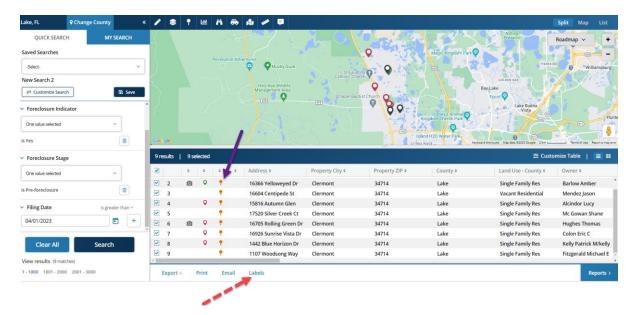
- Hit apply in the lower right corner to apply all filters
- From search tab now enter all filters (zip, foreclosure indicator yes, select foreclosure stage you wish to search.
- For filing date change the in between to greater than and enter date



Run your search



From your results you will see the foreclosure indicator and then you can choose to print labels and send correspondence to these customers.



When you select labels, choose the label information and then hit create. Labels will likely open in a new window or ask you to open the label document once it downloads.

You can save this search and run the same search again for a different foreclosure status

Rev. 12/2022 9